



HOCHMAN WRITING @ 754X JEFFREY M. RAPPORT

Unit 2: Sentence Work Part II

WEEK	TOPIC	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY
1		(ELA only: Introduce question words and punctuation)	Distinguish between command, statement, and exclamation Underline the key words or punctuation that lets you know the sentence type		Write 3 questions about a given picture and/or topic	
2	Sentence Types	Write a question for each answer <div><p><i>To Kill a Mockingbird</i></p><p>1. Q: What is Atticus Finch's occupation?</p><p>A: lawyer</p><p>2. Q: Who helps Atticus raise Scout and Jem?</p><p>A: Calpurnia</p></div> <div><p>5 + 3 = 8</p><p>Susan had 5 balls, and Lisa had 3 balls. How many balls they have together?</p><p>4 - 1 = 3</p><p>Jane had 4 apples. She gave 1 to Ron. How many apples did she have left?</p></div>	<div><p>Q: What are the two defining characteristics of vector?</p><p>A: direction and magnitude</p><p>Q: Why is parallelism essential in writing?</p><p>A: it creates consistency for sentences with the same grammatical structure</p><p>What period in the early 1800s saw a shift from hand production methods to machines?</p><p>A: The Industrial Revolution</p></div>	Given a kernel sentence and/or picture, students will write 4 sentence types <div><p>1. Why is the room in disarray?</p><p>2. Why is the Bible and the Constitution on Lincoln's lap?</p><p>3. The scale is unbalanced.</p><p>4. Lincoln is writing the Emancipation Proclamation.</p></div> <div><p>1. immigrants (interrogatory) Are your grandparents immigrants?</p><p>2. Ellis Island (declarative) Many immigrants were documented at Ellis Island.</p><p>3. freedom (exclamatory) We are so fortunate to have freedom in this country!</p><p>4. citizen (imperative) Every citizen should exercise their right to vote.</p><p>5. accclimate (interrogative) Why was accclimating to life in America difficult?</p></div> <div><p>The International Space Station is the largest and most complex international scientific undertaking in history.</p><p>How many crew members live and work at the International Space Station?</p><p>Almost an acre of solar panels provide electrical power to state-of-the-art laboratories!</p><p>Continue the space program.</p></div>		
3	Because & But	Introduce "[kernel sentence] because..." <div><p>The teacher was happy . . .</p><p>The teacher was happy because we raised our hands.</p></div> <div><p>The British invaded the colonies . . .</p><p>The British invaded the colonies because they were threatened by the repeated acts of rebellion.</p></div>	Introduce "[kernel sentence] but..." <div><p>The teacher was happy . . .</p><p>The teacher was happy because we raised our hands.</p><p>The teacher was happy, but she still gave us homework.</p></div> <div><p>The British invaded the colonies . . .</p><p>The British invaded the colonies because they were threatened by the repeated acts of rebellion.</p><p>The British invaded the colonies, but they faced fierce resistance.</p></div>			

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4	So	Introduce "[kernel sentence] so..."		<div>A square is always a rectangle...</div> <div><ul style="list-style-type: none">because it has four right angles and two pairs of parallel lines.but a rectangle is NOT always a square.so you can use the same formula to find the area of each shape.</div>
5	Because But So	<div>Remove kernel sentence. Introduce only keyword/ because, keyword/ but, and keyword/ so</div> <div><div>Example 1.6B</div><div>DIRECTIONS: Use the given words and conjunctions in sentences.</div><div>unhappy / so Jane was unhappy, so she went to her room.</div><div>unhappy / because The colonists were unhappy because they believed they were taxed unfairly.</div></div> <div><div>Republican / because</div><div>Republican / but</div><div>Republican / so</div></div>		
6	Subordinating Conjunctions	<div>Introduce subordinating conjunctions and Change of Direction.</div> <div><div>Subordinating Conjunctions</div><div><ul style="list-style-type: none">afterbeforeifwhilealthougheven thoughunlesssincewhenwhenever</div></div> <div><div>Change of Direction</div><div><div>but</div><div>↓</div><div>although, while, even though</div><div>however</div><div>in contrast</div></div><div><div>Wilbur was doomed to death, but Fern saved him.</div><div>Although Templeton was selfish, he helped save Wilbur's life.</div><div>Fern's father was going to kill Wilbur. However, Fern saves his life.</div><div>Many books have only a few readers. In contrast, millions have read Charlotte's Web.</div></div></div>	<div>Given a subordinating conjunction clause (i.e. a dependent clause), complete the sentence.</div> <div><div>Before the boys went sledding, they took a nap so they would have energy.</div><div></div><div>After the boys went sledding, they drank hot cocoa.</div></div>	<div>Given a keyword and the subordinating conjunction, complete the sentence.</div> <div><div>DIRECTIONS: Complete each sentence using the word rain. You may add suffixes.</div><div><div>Since it has rained, we will play indoors.</div><div>Although it is raining, I'd like to walk outside.</div><div>Whenever it rains, the roof leaks.</div><div>After the rain, we can go outside.</div><div>If it rains, let's go to the movies.</div></div></div>